



障碍儿童家庭父母的性别与角色分工
GENDER DIVISION BETWEEN THE PARENTS OF CHILDREN WITH DISABILITIES

深圳市守望心智障碍者家庭关爱协会
Shenzhen Association for Families with Persons with Intellectual Disabilities

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早期的家长组织
THE FIRST STAGE OF PARENTS ORGANIZATION

早期的家长组织可以追溯到上世纪90年代 the parents organization working on the rights of disabled people, especially people with autism, has appeared since the 90s

注册难、活动范围小、“抱团取暖” difficult to get registration, limited expertise and support, “huddle together for warmth”

家长组织数量的增长期

The growing number of parents organization

2013年全国不超过20家家长组织 In 2013, the number of parents organizations was less than 20

2014年后出现爆炸式增长 explosive growth in 2014

不到三年时间, 全国各地家长组织发展已超过100个 From less than 20 to more than 100 within three years

残障儿童家庭的性别分工

The gender division in families with disabled children

妻子主内, 丈夫主外 the wife (mother) is always the one that stay at home, take care of the children, and take the unpaid housework, while the husband (father) is always the one that at work outside, earn money, provide financial support to the family, and help the mother to take care of the children

母职的不可撤销性 When a father give up his autistic child, people will show understandings, but mothers have no such choice

父亲是通过母亲来接触到外界的支持系统 the degree to which the fathers can get access to the social support for families with autistic child depends largely on the attitudes of their wife

家长组织的特征

THE CHARACTERISTIC OF PARENTS ORGANIZATION

回应具体需求 respond to the specific need

直接利益相关者创办 the founder of the parents organizations are direct stakeholders (parents of disabled people)

女性为主 over 80% of the founder are female

THANK YOU!